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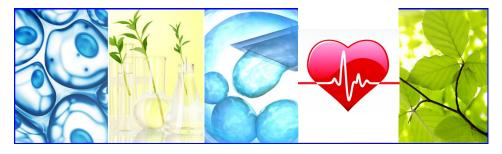


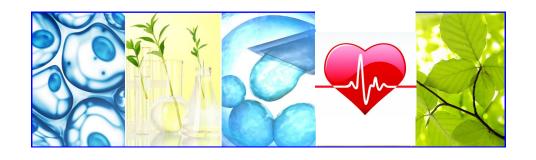












Science Expo 2023

Life Science & Health Fair

Name:				
Date:				



Organisms and Ecosystems

Food Chains

Food Chain Aim:	_ create their own fo	ood using
energy from the sun (through	photosynthesis)	get
their energy by eating other o	rganisms	act as
nutrient recyclers in the ecosy	stem by breaking d	own dead and
decaying organisms.		



On the Ground and Beneath the Surface:

Producers, consumers, and decomposers are all important parts of a _____ chain.



Tahoe Plankton: Zooplankton play an important role in Tahoe's food web. They eat

and are eaten by



Gone Fishin' in Lake Tahoe:

Name one fish found in Lake Tahoe. Is it native or non-native?



Life Cycles

Pumpkins and Butterflies and Frogs, Oh My!:

Many animals and plants go through similar stages during their life cycles. True or False (circle one)



Health and Nutrition

Anatomy and Physiology

A Bone of Your Own: Your	is based on posture
and the movement of your	<u> </u>

Nutrition and Wellness

Re-Think Your Drink: Students should be getting no more than teaspoons of added sugar a day.

Germy Transfer: Germs are tiny living organisms that spread disease and make you sick. Name one or more ways you can prevent the spread of germs.

Anatomy and Physiology (Hallway)

Play to Your Strength: Give two reasons why it's important to exercise.

Your Amazing Heart: `	Your heart is a muscle that
pumps	and circulates it around you
body.	



Health and Nutrition

Brain

Train Your Brain: Every time you learn something new you change the structure of your brain.



True or False (circle one)

Think Fast!:	are voluntary or something you
control,	are involuntary and happen without your
control.	
Confusing the Senses:	Illusions trick your,
changing how you perc	eive and experience your sense of touch
taste, hearing, smell, or	sight.
_	

Neuro Futures Championship Game: What technology did your group decide benefits society the most?



Name That Organ: Name one organ and the role it plays in your body.



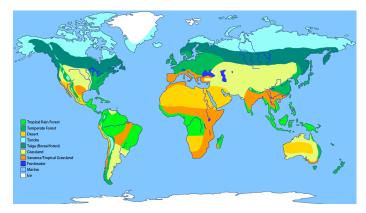
A Close Up of You: Tissues perform special functions in the body and are made up of different types of ______.

Organisms and Ecosystems

Ecosystem Diversity

Bioramas: Organisms have specific physical and behavioral adaptations that allow them to survive in particular biomes.

. True or False (circle one)



Meet the Microbes: A is a tiny, microscopic organism found in water, soil, and in us!

Living Together: Name two organisms that have a symbiotic relationship.

Plant Processes

In Search of Pollen: Pollination is the process by			
which	_ is transferred to the		
female reproductive organ	is of a plant, thereby		
enabling fertilization.			



Planting Party: Which four things do plants need to grow?				
1.	2			
3.	4			

Inheritance and Adaptation

Plant Adaptations

Pollination Adaptations: The color, shape, and smell of different flowers are adaptations that help the plant to attract pollinators.

True or False (circle one)







Seeds on the Move: What is one way a seed can travel?

Animal Adaptations

Natural Selection in Action: What process caused the moth population to change over time?

Brilliant Bird Beaks: The shape of a bird's beak is an _____ for gathering specific food.



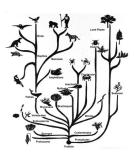
Blubber Glove: What helps animals living in arctic waters stay warm and keep afloat?

Inheritance and Adaptation

Diversity of Life

Tree of Life: All living things are related. True or False (circle one)





Inheritance

DNA Recipes:	All living	things	have t	heir own	unique	code	called
	that is lo	cated i	nside	their		_•	

Fruit and Veggie DNA: Name an example of one thing that has DNA and one thing that does not have DNA.

The Adaptation Game: Living things evolve certain			
, called	, which help		
them live in their environment.			